

# **Engine Performance Data Cummins Inc**

Columbus, Indiana 47202-3005 http://www.cummins.com

**Power Generation** 

# **QSK38-G4** Tier II

Configuration D233042GX03 CPL Code 3265

Revision 27-Jun-2008

#### FR 6697

Compression Ratio: Fuel System: **Emission Certification:**  15:1 **Cummins MCRS** 

U.S. EPA Tier 2, CARB Tier 2

Displacement:

Aspiration:

2,313 in3 (37.9 L)

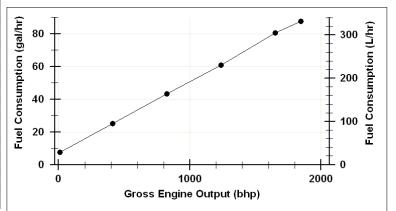
**Turbocharged and Aftercooled** 

#### **Engine Ratings:**

Engine Speed	Standby Power		Prime Power		Continuous Power	
RPM	bhp	kWm	bhp	kWm	bhp	kWm
1,800	1,845	1,376	1,650	1,230	1,400	1,044

## Engine Fuel Consumption @1,800 RPM

Output Power			Fu					
%	bhp	kWm	lb/ bhp-h	kg/ kWm-h	gal/hr	l/hr		
Standby Power								
100	1,845	1,376	0.337	0.205	87.7	332		
Prime Power								
100	1,650	1,230	0.346	0.21	80.5	305		
75	1,238	923	0.349	0.212	60.8	230		
50	825	615	0.372	0.226	43.3	164		
25	413	308	0.422	0.257	25.1	95		
Continuous Power								
100	1,400	1,044	0.334	0.203	67.8	257		



## Rating Type:

These guidelines have been formulated to ensure proper application of generator drive engines in A.C. generator set installations. STANDBY POWER RATING: Applicable for supplying emergency power for the duration of the utility power outage. No overload capability is available for this rating. Under no condition is an engine allowed to operate in parallel with the public utility at the Standby Power rating. This rating should be applied where reliable utility power is available. A Standby rated engine should be a sized for a maximum of an 80% average load factor and 200 hours of period proving a standby power as a standby. A Standby rated engine should be a sized for a maximum of an 80% average load factor and 200 hours of period period per year. This includes less than 25 hours per year at the Standby Power rating, Standby ratings should never be applied except in true emergency power outages. Represent the standby proving should never be applied except in true emergency power outages. But the standby proving electric power in lieu of commercially purchased power. Prime Power applications must be in the form of one of the following two categories: UNLIMITED TIME (BINNING PRIME POWER): Prime Power and prime Power and prime Power size available for an unlimited number of hours per year in a variable load application because the standby and a year at the Prime Power rating should use the Continuous Power rating.

CONTINUOUS POWER RATING: Applicable for supplying utility power at a constant 100% load for an unlimited number of hours per year. No overload

### Data Subject to Change Without Notice

Reference AEB 10.47 for determining Electrical Output.

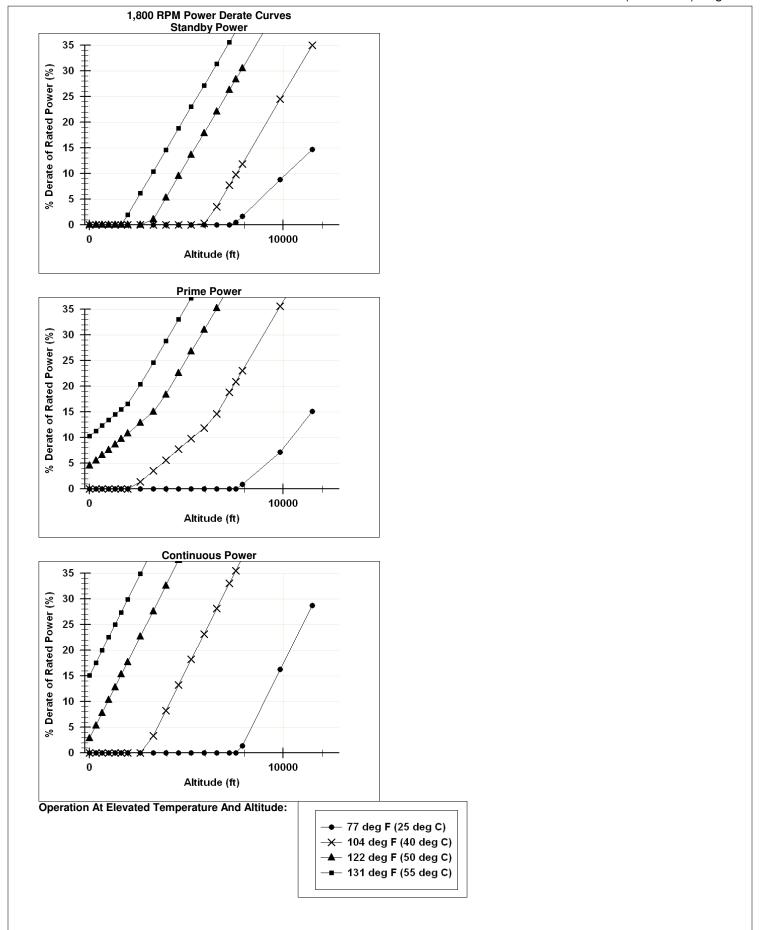
Data shown above represent gross engine performance capabilities obtained and corrected in accordance with ISO-3046 conditions of 100 kPa (29.53 in Hg) barometric pressure [11 0 m (361 ti) altitude), 25° C (77° T) air intel temperature, and relative humidity of 30% with No. 2 diesel or a fuel corresponding to ASTM DC. Demotes shown are based on 16 in He2 or intale restriction and 2 in Hg exhaust back pressure.

The fuel consumption data is based on No. 2 dieself fuel weight at 0.85 kg/litre (7.1 lbs/U.S. gal). Power output curves are based on the engine operating with fuel system, water pump and lubricating oil pump; not included are battery charging alternator, fan, optional equipment and driven components.

Data Status:Final

Data Tolerance: +/- 5 %

**CHIEF ENGINEER: Cary J Marston** 



General Engine Data		F=,	olov Vass 40 O	ن حام ما ا
Type Aspiration			cle; Vee; 12 Cy arged and After	
Bore x Stroke	6.26 x 6.26		159 x 15	
Displacement	2,313		37.9	
Compression Ratio	,		15:1	
Moment of Inertia of Rotating Components				
with FW6077 Flywheel	184	in-lbf-sec**2	20.8	kg-m**2
Center of Gravity				
from front face of block	41.7	in		
above crankshaft centerline	6.8	in	173	mm
Engine Mounting				
Maximum Bending Moment at Rear Face of Block	4,500	lb-ft	6,101	N-m
	•		,	
Exhaust System	0	: 1.1	7	l-D-
Maximum back pressure at Standby Power	2	in-Hg	/	kPa
Air Induction System				
Maximum Intake Air Restriction				
with Dirty Filter Element	25	in H2O	6	kPa
with Normal Duty Air Cleaner and Clean Filter Element	15	in H2O	4	kPa
Cooling System				
Coolant Capacity				
Engine	112	quarts	106	L
Aftercoolers		quarts	22.7	L
Minimum pressure cap rating at sea level	11	psi	76	kPa
Maximum static head of coolant above crankshaft centerline	60	-	18.3	m
Jacket Water Circuit Requirements				
Maximum Coolant Friction Head External to Engine - 1,500/1,800 RPM	10 / 10	nei	68.9 / 68.9	kPa
Thermostat (Modulating) Range	180 - 202	•	82 - 94	
Aftercooler Circuit Requirements	100 - 202	deg i	02 - 34	ueg C
Maximum Coolant Friction Head External to Engine - 1,500/1,800 RPM	10 / 10	nei	68.9 / 68.9	kPa
Maximum coolant temperature into the aftercooler @ 25C (77F) ambient		deg F		deg C
Maximum coolant temperature into aftercooler @ Limiting Ambient conditions		deg F		deg C
Thermostat (Modulating) Range	115 - 135	•	46 - 57	•
ubrigation System		Ū		ŭ
Lubrication System				
Oil Pressure	00		400	L-D-
@ Minimum low idle		psi		kPa
@ Governed speed	50 - 70	•	344.7 - 482.	
Maximum Oil Temperature		deg F		deg C
Oil Capacity with OP Oil Pan: Low-High	37 - 44	gal	140.1 - 166.6	1
Total System Capacity (with Combo Filter)		gal	170.3	
Fuel System				
Type Injection System		Cı	ummins MCRS	
Maximum fuel supply restriction at fuel pump inlet				
with clean fuel filter element(s) at maximum fuel flow	5	in-Hg	16.9	kPa
with dirty fuel filter element(s) at maximum fuel flow		in-Hg		kPa
Maximum fuel inlet temperature		dea F		deg C
Maximum supply fuel flow	1,397	J		kg/hr
Maximum return fuel flow		lb/hr		kg/hr
Electrical System				
System voltage	<u>24</u>	V		
Minimum Recommended Battery Capacity	==	_		
cold soak at 10 deg C (50 deg F) and above				
cold soak at 0 to 10 deg C (32 to 50 deg F)	1,800	CCA		
cold soak at -18 to 0 deg C (0 to 32 deg F)	1,800			
Maximum starting circuit resistance	0.002	Ohm		

## **Cold start capability**

Unaided Cold Start

Minimum cranking speed

150 RPM Minimum ambient temperature for unaided cold start 45 deg F 7.2 deg C

#### **Performance Data**

All data is based on:

• Engine operating with fuel system, water pump, lubricating oil pump, air cleaner and exhaust silencer; not included are battery charging alternator, fan, and optional driven components.

Engine operating with fuel corresponding to grade No. 2-D per ASTM D975. ISO 3046, Part 1, Standard Reference Conditions of:

100 kPa (29.53 in Hg) 110 m (361 ft) Barometric Pressure: Air Temperature: 25 °C (77 °F)

Relative Humidity: Altitude: 30%

		Standby Power		Prime Power		
Governed Engine Speed	RPM	1,800	1,500	1,800	1,500	
Engine Idle Speed Gross Engine Power Output Brake Mean Effective Pressure Piston Speed Friction Horsepower Engine Jacket Water Flow at Stated F	RPM hp (kW) psi (kPa) ft/min (m/s) hp (kW) riction Head	700 - 900 1,845 (1,376) 351 (2,420)		700 - 900 1,650 (1,230) 314 (2,165)		
external to Engine - 2.5 psi Friction Head - Maximum Friction Head	gpm (L/min) gpm (L/min)	336 (1,272) 284 (1,075)		336 (1,272) 284 (1,075)		
Engine Data Intake Air Flow Intake Manifold Pressure Exhaust Gas Temp - Dry Stack Exhaust Gas Flow Air to Fuel ratio Heat Rejection to Ambient Heat Rejection to Jacket Coolant Heat Rejection to Exhaust Heat Rejection to Fuel*	ft3/min (L/s) in-Hg (kPa) deg F (deg C) ft3/min (L/s) BTU/min (kW) BTU/min (kW) BTU/min (kW) BTU/min (kW)	4,038 (1,906) 86 (290) 886 (474) 9,683 (4,570) 27.8:1 7,590 (133) 26,484 (466) 57,246 (1,007)		3,879 (1,831) 80 (270) 873 (467) 9,255 (4,368) 29.1:1 6,975 (123) 24,956 (439) 53,986 (949)		
2P2L Heat Rejection to Aftercooler Coolant Aftercooler Water Flow at Stated Frict external to Engine - 2.5 psi Friction Head - Maximum Friction Head Aftercooler Air Flow	` '	20,190 (355) 168 (636) 150 (568) 4,038 (1,906)		18,428 (324) 168 (636) 150 (568) 3,879 (1,831)		

<sup>\*</sup>This is the maxiumum heat rejection, not specified to the load listed.

**End of Report**